

# NZDU00857 Dulux Wash & Wear 101 +Plus Kitchen & Bathroom Low Sheen on Painted Masonry [Interior]

#### Scope of Works

Wash&Wear +PLUS Kitchen & Bathroom has been developed to withstand humid or damp environments. Wash&Wear +Plus Kitchen & Bathroom contains 101 Barrier Technology so you can wipe away most marks with a wet cloth, meaning your walls will look freshly painted for years. DULUX Wash&Wear +PLUS Kitchen & Bathroom is low VOC (<16g per litre) and contains Mouldshield® Technology. DULUX Wash&Wear +PLUS Kitchen & Bathroom is guaranteed against mould growth for 10 years. The special anti-bacterial formula actively inhibits bacteria from multiplying on the paint surface in accordance with JIS Z2 801; an internationally recognised antimicrobial testing method.

#### Substrate and Substrate Preparation

#### Substrate Notes

This is a generic masonry and cementitious substrate. It includes concrete block substrates. The following substrates are excluded: Precast, Tiltup and Off-form, Concrete Flooring, Roof Tiles and Cement Render. Other specialty masonry or cementitious substrates may also not be covered by this substrate.

#### BRICK

Bricks are predominantly kiln-fired clay, which can be glazed or unglazed. The glazing on glazed bricks should be ground or scabbled to improve adhesion of the coating system. Brickwork is often raked, so rendering requires much more material than face-laid brickwork. The surface must be clean and sound, free of dirt, grime, mould, fungus, stains, powdery mortar smears and all other contaminants. The surface should be examined to determine if it has been laid to specification (flush jointed or face laid) and that the surface variation is within acceptable tolerances. If applying a texture coating, the degree to which the texture coating camouflages flush walls depends on how flush the substrate has been constructed.

#### BLOCKWORK

Blockwork is largely cement based and highly porous, and usually flush-laid. The surface should be examined to determine if it has been laid to specification (flush jointed or face laid) and that the surface variation is within acceptable tolerances. The degree to which texture coatings camouflage flush walls depends on how flush the substrate has been constructed.

#### AUTOCLAVED AERATED CONCRETE (AAC)

AAC is manufactured from sand, lime and cement, to which is added water and aluminium paste. After mixing, the cement slurry is poured into moulds. The aluminium paste reacts with the alkaline elements in the mixture and forms hydrogen gas. This liberated gas expands the mixture forming extremely small finely dispersed air spaces. The product is removed from the mould after a few hours, cut to the required dimension and finally cured under pressure in a steam autoclave.

AAC Block Wall Systems are (typically) load-bearing external wall solutions for homes as an alternative to traditional double brick construction. Blocks are glued together (thin bed) using AAC Manufacturer's adhesive to a design standard of providing a level, fully filled joint.

AAC Panel is (typically) a 50 or 75mm panel of Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) with corrosion protected steel reinforcement embedded during production. This lightweight, yet solid masonry panel is designed for external cladding in timber or steel frame construction. Panels are glued together (thin bed) using AAC Manufacturer's adhesive to a design standard of providing a level, fully filled joint.

#### Substrate Preparation Notes

#### ASSESS SUITABILITY

Inspect to determine the degree of deterioration of existing coatings. Identification of the existing coating is also very helpful in determining the repaint system. Check coating adhesion using the cross-cut adhesion test, carried out in various locations.

#### REMOVE SURFACE CONTAMINANTS

Clean to remove all dirt, dust, efflorescence, laitance, powdery surfaces, mould and all other surface contaminants by using a suitable cleaning agent, such as Dulux Prep Wash and rinsing/water blasting clean with water. Water blasting will also give a good indication as to the coatings integrity. Efflorescence may also be removed with an acid treatment, followed by washing down the surface with water.

#### REPAIR SURFACE IMPERFECTIONS

Prepare all areas that have poor adhesion, cracking, peeling and flaking by sanding, power sanding, scraping, wire brushing, grit blasting, burning off or chemical stripping as appropriate, to leave a clean surface. Feather edges of the surrounding sound paint to completely remove visual ridges and wash/dust off to remove debris. Any major design faults leading to structural failure must be corrected prior to repainting. Use an acrylic based patching compound with the addition of 10-20% fresh Portland cement to patch any surface defects.

#### SANDING

Sand the entire cleaned coating to an even flat gloss level to provide a smooth, even surface and to provide a good key for the new coating system to adhere to. Ensure all sanding dust is removed prior to continuing.

#### PRIME

Spot prime any exposed areas with a suitable water based primer. If a specialized, penetrating solvent based primer is required, use Dulux AcraTex 501/2 AcraPrime solvent based primer.

#### ADDITIONAL NOTES:

• Ensure all previously painted enamel finishes are thoroughly abraded to ensure adequate adhesion of subsequent coating system.



#### **Coating System Summary**

- Spot Primer Dulux 1 Step Prep Water Based Primer Sealer Undercoat
- 1st Coat
- Dulux Wash & Wear 101 +Plus Kitchen & Bathroom Low Sheen
- 2nd Coat Dulux Wash & Wear 101 +Plus Kitchen & Bathroom Low Sheen
- **Coating System** Spot Primer — Dulux 1 Step Prep Water Based Primer Sealer Undercoat Coat Type Datasheet NZDU00432 Dulux 1 Step Prep Water Based Primer Sealer Undercoat Spot Primer Read the full Datasheet details at Dulux 1 Step Prep Water Based Primer Sealer Undercoat **Application Methods Airless Spray** Brush Roller -Air Spray Recommended Min Max Theoretical Spread Rate (m<sup>2</sup>/L) 14 Wet Film Per Coat (microns) 71 Dry Film Per Coat (microns) 31 Recoat Time \*\* 2 Hours V.O.C. Level Meets ECNZ V.O.C. Requirements? < 40g/L untinted Not Applicable

Coating Application Details

Brush, roller, conventional or airless spray.

ROLLER: Using a medium nap roller apply a full even coat direct from the container and finish by light parallel strokes with a dry roller.

Stir contents thoroughly before and during use.

AIRLESS/CONVENTIONAL SPRAY: Suitable for application by all standard spray equipment. If necessary thin with up to 100ml per litre of water to aid atomisation.

BRUSH: Wet brushes with water prior to use to avoid clogging. Apply a full even coat direct from the container.

When painting exterior surfaces, ensure topcoat is applied no more than one week after application.

SDS Number	SDS Link
DLXNZLEN002997	<u>View SDS Link</u>

Coat Type <b>1st Coat</b>		Datasheet NZDU00408 Dulux Wash & Wear 101 +Plus Kitchen & Bathroom Low Sheen		
Read the full Datasheet details a	nt <u>Dulux Wash &amp; Wear</u>	101 +Plus Kitchen & Bathroom Low Sh	neen	
Application Methods				
	ss Spray 📮 Brus	sh 👎 Roller		
🔰 Air Spray 🛉 Airles		•		
Air Spray 🖷 Airles				
Air Spray 🛉 Airles	Min	Max	Recommended	



## **Specification**

## **Dulux**<sup>®</sup>

Wet Film Per Coat (microns)				63	
Dry Film Per Coat (microns)				25	
Recoat Time **	2 Hours	;	Indefinite	2 Hours	
V.O.C. Level <16g/L			Meets ECNZ V.O.C. Requirements? Yes Total Volatile Organic Content (TVOC) values are calculated in accordance to the stated methodology within Green Star Technical Manuals. The TVOC content is theoretically calculated as the sum total of the known VOC values of the product's raw material components. These materials include the base paint plus additional low VOC tinter required for non-factory packaged colours.		
Coating Application Details Brush, roller and spray.					
be eased by thinning with up to 50 Bathroom Low Sheen ensuring that affect the final finish achieved. Som Brush, roller, conventional and airles <b>AIRLESS/CONVERNTIONAL SPRA</b> Suitable for application by all standa	s been dryii mL water p the first co e colours m ss spray. <b>Y</b> ard spray ee	ng for more than 3 minute er litre and slightly dampe at is completely dry before ay require more than 2 co quipment. If necessary, to	s. Thinning is not usually requir ning the surface. Apply two co e applying the second. Note, u ats, especially when painting ov aid atomisation, up to 100 ml p	ed. Under hot conditions application can ats of Wash & Wear +Plus Kitchen & sing poor quality or worn rollers can ver dark colours.	
SDS Number DLX001119			SDS Link <u>View SDS Link</u>		
2nd Coat — Dulux Wash & We	ear 101 +F	Plus Kitchen & Bathroc	om Low Sheen		
Coat Type <b>2nd Coat</b>		Datasheet NZDU00408 Dulux Wa	ısh & Wear 101 +Plus Kitchen	& Bathroom Low Sheen	
Read the full Datasheet details at	Dulux Was	h & Wear 101 +Plus Kitch	en & Bathroom Low Sheen		
Application Methods					
Air Spray 🛉 Airless	Spray	🕇 Brush 🕇 Roll	er		
	Min		Max	Recommended	
Theoretical Spread Rate (m²/L)				16	
Wet Film Per Coat (microns)				63	
Dry Film Per Coat (microns)				25	
Recoat Time **	2 Hours	5	Indefinite	2 Hours	
V.O.C. Level <16g/L			accordance to the stated me Manuals. The TVOC content of the known VOC values of t	t (TVOC) values are calculated in thodology within Green Star Technical is theoretically calculated as the sum total the product's raw material components. base paint plus additional low VOC tinter	



### **Specification**



Coating Application Details Brush, roller and spray.

#### **BRUSH/ROLLER**

Use medium nap roller (8 - 12mm). Pre-wet brushes and roller with water before commencing application. Avoid excessive brushing or rolling back into the paint which has been drying for more than 3 minutes. Thinning is not usually required. Under hot conditions application can be eased by thinning with up to 50mL water per litre and slightly dampening the surface. Apply two coats of Wash & Wear +Plus Kitchen & Bathroom Low Sheen ensuring that the first coat is completely dry before applying the second. Note, using poor quality or worn rollers can affect the final finish achieved. Some colours may require more than 2 coats, especially when painting over dark colours. Brush, roller, conventional and airless spray.

#### AIRLESS/CONVERNTIONAL SPRAY

Suitable for application by all standard spray equipment. If necessary, to aid atomisation, up to 100 ml per litre of water may be added for conventional spray or up to 30 ml per litre of water for airless spray. Use 0.015" to 0.017" spray tip at approximate pressure of 2200 - 2600 PSI.

SDS Number	SDS Link
DLX001119	View SDS Link

Coating System Notes

\* Practical Spreading Rate will vary from the quoted Theoretical Spreading Rate due to factors such as method and condition of application and surface roughness. \*\* Recoat times are quotes for 25°c and 50% relative humidity, these may vary under different conditions.

#### Disclaimer

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Any information provided in this Duspec+ is given in good faith and is believed by Dulux to be correct at the time of publication. Products and coating systems can be expected to perform as indicated in this Duspec+ document, provided the substrate is in good condition, the coatings are applied by a suitably experienced and skilled applicator, and the preparation, application and maintenance is followed strictly as set out in this Duspec+ document, and as recommended on the applicable Dulux Product Data Sheet and Safety Data Sheets for the relevant products (available from <a href="https://www.duspecplus.co.nz">www.duspecplus.co.nz</a>). Climatic conditions at application time can affect Duspec+ documentation suitability and product performance.

The correct colour or colour match is the responsibility of the applicator. Colours will change over time and Dulux does not guarantee that the same colour newly mixed will match a colour applied earlier which has been subjected to weathering or other change elements. No product colour is guaranteed against colour change.

Where any liability of Dulux in respect of this Specification cannot by law be excluded, Dulux's liability is limited, as permitted by law and at Dulux's option, to resupply of the relevant products or services or to reimbursing the cost of those products or services.

WHERE LEAD MAY BE PRESENT: The asset manager is responsible for verifying the presence of lead and determining whether to remove or encapsulate the lead. If lead is present, the work must be done in strict accordance with AS/ NZS 4361 Parts 1 and 2 and Worksafe Australia or New Zealand guidelines.